

### **Features**

- Extremely approachable EAWmosaic<sup>™</sup> iOS app delivers system prediction, control and monitoring from any location in the venue.
- Proven EAW acoustical design and DSP including Focusing<sup>™</sup> and DynO<sup>™</sup> provides a pristine impulse response at all output levels.
- Four pre-defined voicings provide a variety of tonal starting points.
- Integrated Dante<sup>™</sup> networking (with loop-thru) on all models including Analog redundancy capability.

# **Applications**

- House of Worship
- Theatres, Auditoria and Performing Arts Centers
- Live Music Clubs
- Corporate AV Houses
- Live Production/Regional Rental Houses
- Dry Hire

### **Description**

Designed to streamline setup and deliver maximum results in minimum time, RADIUS couples unique and intelligent features with EAW's signature acoustical design to deliver solutions for rental firms and system integrators. The RSX86 features onboard bi-amplified electronics (500W per channel) featuring signature EAW DSP including Focusing and DynO for pristine impulse response. The MK inspired constant directivity horn offers 60°x45° coverage and is rotatable for flexibility. EAWmosaic<sup>™</sup> app provides total system optimization from anywhere in the venue, plus intuitive room design and prediction in a single, comprehensive application. With the proven sonic performance of EAW's acoustic design and DSP mastery plus full Dante integration across the line, RADIUS delivers an intelligent and flexible system to fit any budget.

## 2-WAY SELF-POWERED LOUDSPEAKER 60° × 45°

Configuration		
-		
Subsystem	Transducer	Loading
LF	1 x 8 in cone, 2 in voice coil	Vented
HF	1 x 1 in exit, 1.4 in voice coil	Horn-loaded
	compression driver	
Operating Mode		
Bi-amp	Amplifier Channels LF, HF	Signal Processing DSP w/EAW Focusing™ and DynO™
Acoustical Perfor	mance	
<b>Operating Range</b>		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	68 Hz to 18 kHz	
Nominal Beamwidtl	h	
	Horizontal 60°	Vertical 45°
Calculated Avial Ou	tput Limit (whole space SPL)	
	Average	Peak
LF/HF	119 dB	125 dB
Electrical Perform	200	
	lance	
Input Type	Electronically balanced	
Max Input Level	21dBu	
Impedance	20 kOhm (balanced)	
Wiring	XLRF, Pin 1 chassis, pin 2 +, pin 3 -	
	Separate loop-thru XLRM (for analog signal only)	
Input Selection	Analog, Dante	
-		
Amplifiers & Proces	sing I F	HF
Туре	Modified Class D	Modified Class D
Maximum Output	500W	500W
Driver Protection	Integral DSP limiting	Integral DSP limiting
AC Mains (nominal) Connector	Neutrik PowerCon®	
	100 V to 240 V	
Input Frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz	
Power Consumption		22 W
	Peak Draw	175 W
		17.5 W
Controls/Communic		
Connections	2x Neutrik <sup>®</sup> etherCON™, RJ-45	
Protocols	Ethernet/Dante	
Software	EAWmosaic <sup>™</sup> (available on the App Store)	
Indicators	LCD Screen on amplifier panel Logo LED (User-definable beha	tor UI, ivior)
User Controls	Push-button Rotary Encoder	•
Weight	33.6 lbs/15.3 kg	
Dimensions	19.5x12.4x12.8 in / 498x315x32	96 mm
		.0 11111
Ordering Data		
Description		Part Number
EAW RSX86 BLACK		2047528-90
Optional Accessorie		
	ALL MOUNT BRACKET	2047371
EAW M10X37mm FORGED SHOULDER EYEBOLT KIT		0028272



VFRT BI K

EAW ACC WEATHER PROTECTION SHIELD

EAW COVER TRANSPORT RSX8X

AUG2016

2047682

**کا ب**ن

2047360-05

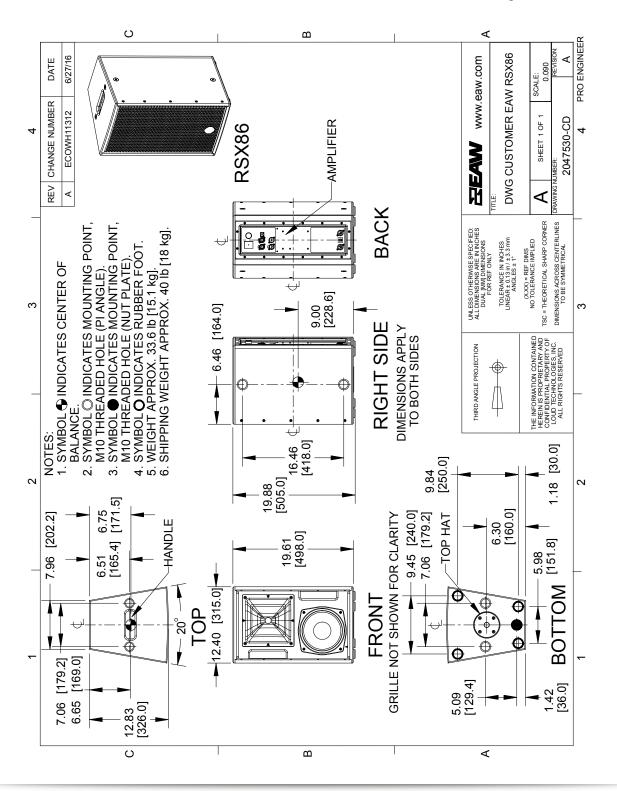
# RSX86 Specifications

# Enclosure

Material Exterior-grade hardwood plywood

Finish Weather-resistant textured RoadCoat™

Grille Pre-treated, powder-coated perforated steel



**NOTE:** This drawing has been reduced. Do not scale.

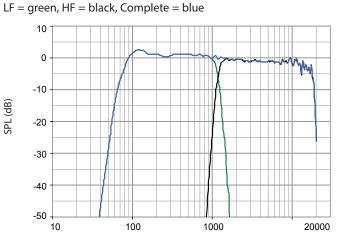


SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS STANDARD

# **Performance Data**

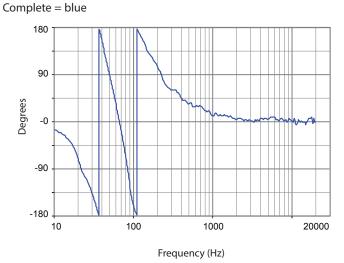
See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details

# Frequency Response: Processed



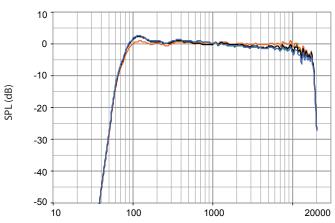


Phase Linearity



### Frequency Response: Voicings

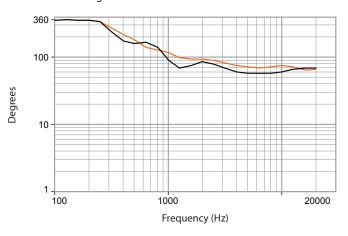






### **Beamwidth** Horizontal = orange

Vertical = black

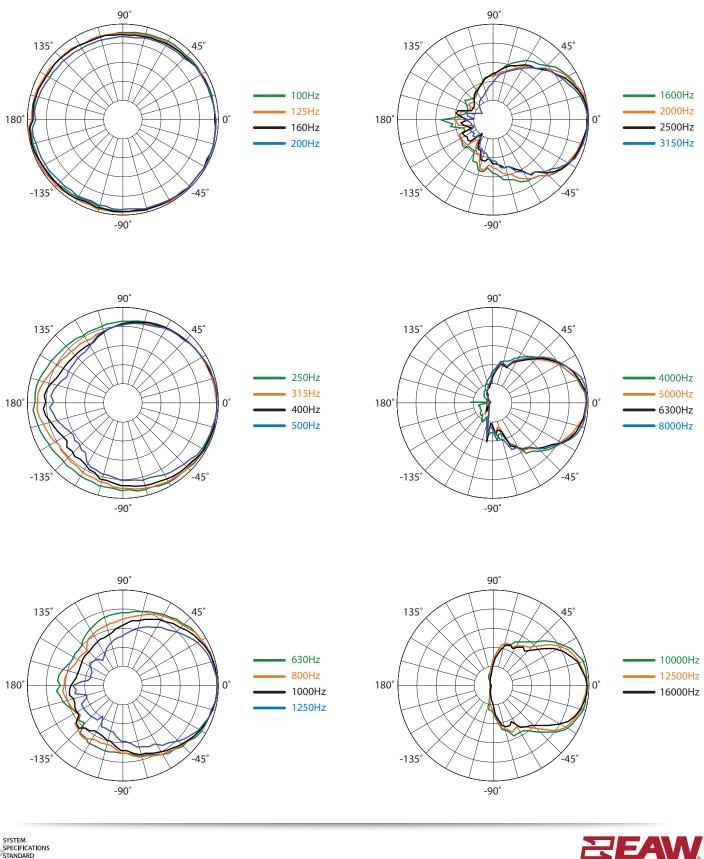


REA



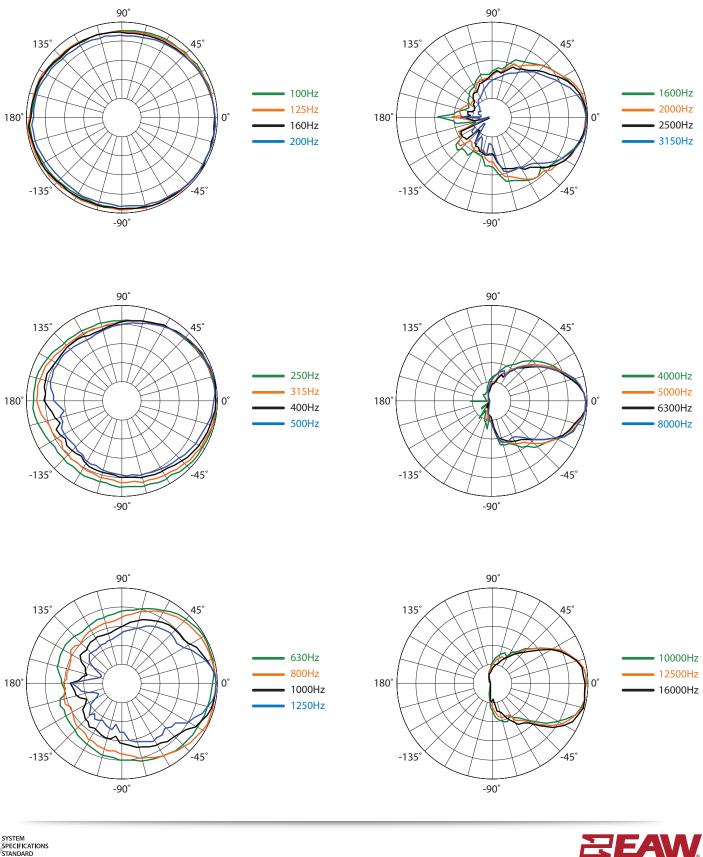
# **Horizontal Polar Data**

See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details



# **Vertical Polar Data**

See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details

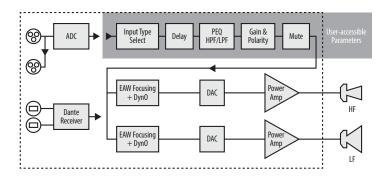


# RSX86 Specifications

## **Input Panel**



## Signal Diagram



### Leaend

HPF High Pass Filter for crossover -or- Recommended High Pass Filter LPF Low Pass Filter for crossover

LF/MF/HF Low Frequency / Mid Frequency / High Frequency AMP User Supplied Power Amplifier –or– Integral Amplifier for NT products XVR Passive LPFs, HPFs, and EQ integral to the loudspeaker

EAW Focusing Digital Signal Processor capable of implementing EAW Focusing EAW DynO Digital Signal Processor capable of implementing EAW DynO processing

### Notes

#### TABULAR DATA

- 1. Measurement/Data Processing Systems: Primary FChart: proprietary EAW software; Secondary Brüel & Kjær 2012.
- 2. Microphone Systems: Earthworks M30; Brüel & Kjær 4133
- 3. Measurements: Dual channel FFT; length: 32 768 samples; sample rate: 48 kHz; logarithmic sine wave sweep.
- 4. Measurement System Qualification (includes all uncertainties): SPL: accuracy +/-0.2 dB @ 1 kHz, precision +/-0.5 dB 20 Hz to 20 kHz, resolution 0.05 dB; Frequency: accuracy +/-1 %, precision +/-0.1 Hz, resolution the larger of 1.5 Hz or 1/48 octave; Time: accuracy +/-10.4 µs, precision +/-0.5 µs, resolution 10.4 µs; Angular: accuracy +/-1°, precision +/-0.5°, resolution 0.5°.
- 5. Environment: Measurements time-windowed and processed to eliminate room effects, approximating an anechoic environment. Data processed as anechoic or fractional space, as noted.
- 6. Measurement Distance: 7.46 m. Acoustic responses represent complex summation of the subsystems at 20 m. SPL is referenced to other distances using the Inverse Square Law.
- 7. Enclosure Orientation: For beamwidth and polar specifications, as shown in Mechanical Specification drawing,
- 8. Volts: Measured rms value of the test signal.
- 9. Watts: Per audio industry practice, "loudspeaker watts" are calculated as voltage squared divided by rated nominal impedance. Thus, these are not True Watt units of energy as defined by International Standard.
- 10. SPL: (Sound Pressure Level) Equivalent to the average level of a signal referenced to 0 dB SPL = 20 microPascals.
- 11. Subsystem: This lists the transducer(s) and their acoustic loading for each passband. Sub = Subwoofer, LF = Low Frequency, MF = Mid Frequency, HF = High Frequency.
- 12. Operating Mode: User selectable configurations. Between system elements, a comma (,) = separate amplifier channels; a slash (/) = single amplifier channel. DSP = Digital Signal Processor.
- IMPORTANT: To achieve the specified performance, the listed external signal processing must be used with EAW-provided settings.
- 13. Operating Range: Range where the processed Frequency Response stays within -10 dB SPL of the power averaged SPL within this range; measured on the geometric axis. Narrow band dips are excepted.
- 14. Nominal Beamwidth: Design angle for the -6 dB SPL points, referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level.
- 15. Axial Sensitivity: Power averaged SPL over the Operating Range with an input voltage that would produce 1 W at the nominal impedance; measured with no external processing on the geometric axis, referenced to 1 m.
- 16. Nominal Impedance: Selected 4, 8, or 16 ohm resistance such that the minimum impedance point is no more than 20% below this resistance over the Operating Range.
- 17. Accelerated Life Test: Maximum test input voltage applied with an EIA-426B defined spectrum; measured with recommended signal processing and Recommended Protection Filter.
- 18. Calculated Axial Output Limit: Highest average and peak SPLs possible during the Accelerated Life Test. The Peak SPL represents the 2:1 (6 dB) crest factor of the Life Test signal.
- 19. High Pass Filter: This helps protect the loudspeaker from excessive input signal levels at frequencies below the Operating Range

#### **GRAPHIC DATA**

- 1. Resolution: To remove insignificant fine details, 1/12 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to acoustic frequency responses and 1/3 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to the beamwidth and impedance data. Other graphs are plotted using raw data.
- 2. Frequency Responses: Variation in acoustic output level with frequency for a constant input signal. Processed: normalized to 0 dB SPL. Unprocessed inputs: 2 V (4 ohm nominal impedance), 2.83 V (8 ohm nominal impedance), or 4 V (16 ohm nominal impedance) referenced to a distance of 1 m.
- 3. Processor Response: The variation in output level with frequency for a constant input signal of 0.775 V = 0 dB reference.
- 4. Beamwidth: Average angle for each 1/3 octave frequency band where, starting from the rear of the loudspeaker, the output first reaches -6 dB SPL referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level. This method means the output may drop below -6 dB SPL within the beamwidth angle.
- 5. Impedance: Variation in impedance magnitude, in ohms, with frequency without regard to voltage/current phase. This means the impedance values may not be used to calculate True Watts (see 9 above).
- 6. Polar Data: Horizontal and vertical polar responses for each 1/3 octave frequency band 100 Hz to 16 kHz or Operating Range



